

Licking Valley Courier

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WHOLE NUMBER 635

Kentucky News Cullings

An epitome of the most important events transpiring throughout the state

Paris—In the Bourbon Circuit Court Mrs. Nora Sosby filed suit for absolute divorce from Zora Sosby. In her petition, plaintiff alleges that she was married at 13 to the defendant.

Frankfort—Bedford Macklin, of this city, was appointed a member of the board of trustees of the Confederate Home at Pewee Valley by Governor Morrow. He succeeds his father, Alexander W. Macklin, who died.

Lexington—The Presbyterians at Lexington passed the half way mark in the Kentucky Presbyterian educational campaign when \$4,946 was reported, bringing the total for the four days to \$35,065. Lexington's quota is \$70,000.

Harlan—The \$25,000 residence of Judge W. L. Bailey caught fire and in spite of heroic efforts to save it was burned completely. The judge and his family were away in Knoxville and no one was in the house when the fire started. Loss is only partly covered by insurance.

Louisville—Requests amounting to approximately \$1,000,000 will be in sight as a nucleus for the endowment fund for public institutions when the Louisville Foundation is organized. It became known at a meeting of representatives of the various trust companies with Mayor Quinn at the City Hall.

Hickman—Aaron Provow, 11 years old, fell thirty-five feet from a pecan tree in the yard of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Provow, here and died five hours later. The back of his skull was crushed. The accident occurred when the boy stepped on a rotten limb, which broke beneath his weight.

Madisonville—A jury in Circuit Court here returned a verdict in favor of the defendant in the case of Charles Young, wealthy young farmer, of East Hopkins County, against whom a \$1,000 damage suit had been filed by Mrs. Hattie May Murphy, wife of a tenant on Young's farm, who charged Young with assaulting her.

Frankfort—Acting under instructions from the War Department, Adj. Gen. Jackson, issued orders for the transfer of horses from the stations already supplied to Hopkinsville and Monticello. Lack of funds, according to General Morris, prevented the government from supplying a full quota of animals to each cavalry unit in the state.

Covington—Ernest (Buck) Brady, Covington; Lawrence Howard and Virgin R. Morton, alias Martin, of Newport, were named defendants in an indictment returned in the United States District Court here on a charge of having conspired to commit an offense against the government by transporting 410 gallons of whisky to a point near Perryville, Boyle County.

Frankfort—Declaring that the business of running a hotel is industrial in its nature and not domestic in the general meaning of the word, the Court of Appeals decided that Edith A. Burres, an employee of the Hotel Henry Watterson, who was injured in an elevator, should have sought compensation under the workmen's compensation act and not by civil action.

Louisville—John Cready, 50, 1455 South Eleventh street, stationary fireman for the Latham Hardware Flooring Company, Twelfth and Magnolia streets, was perhaps fatally burned in an explosion in the shaving room of the plant. It is believed that Cready was the victim of a dust explosion. He was found lying on the floor, his clothing ablaze, by fellow workmen, and was taken to St. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital. The man's eyesight was saved by a pair of glasses he was wearing at the time the explosion occurred, it is said.

Augusta—The Kentucky Federated Women's clubs, of the ninth congressional district, held their annual meeting here, Mrs. George R. Longnecker, of Maysville, presiding. The following state officers were in attendance: Mrs. H. G. Reynolds, Paducah; Mrs. J. C. Layne, Covington; Mrs. B. W. Bayless, Louisville; Mrs. Geo. Longnecker, Maysville; Mrs. C. B. Sempie, Louisville; Mrs. Stanley Reed, Maysville; Miss Ada May Cromwell, Jett; Miss Alice Lloyd, Maysville. The next annual district meeting will be held at Washington, Mason county.

Paris—Elijah Barton, 56, Millersburg, this county, stepped from his own car and was struck by a machine driven by Dr. A. B. Plummer. Barton received injuries from the blow he died at the Massie Memorial Hospital.

Jackson—John Coon Grigsby, who shot and killed West Godday the first of last May, making his escape, was arrested recently after a pistol battle in which he was seriously wounded by Deputy Sheriff James Hudson. A reward of \$200 for Grigsby's arrest was offered by Governor Morrow.

Whitesburg—The White Elkhorn Coal Company, of Detroit, has purchased the small mines of the Isaac Lewis Coal Company, near Whitesburg. The new owners will start improvement work at once.

Frankfort—Articles of Incorporation of the Invinible Fire Insurance Company, of Hopkinsville, were approved by James F. Ramey, insurance commissioner. The authorized capital stock of the company is \$100,000.

Frankfort—Norman Wilburn, aged 3, was struck by a street car and died an hour after the accident. Both legs were severed at the knees by the car. The child ran in front of the car as it was coming down an incline.

Frankfort—Governor Morrow designated Judge J. C. Dedman, of Cynthiana, special judge of the Bourbon Circuit Court for the term beginning November 13. Judge Robert L. Stout, of Frankfort, the regular judge, is ill and unable to attend.

Danville—At chapel at Centre College and Kentucky College for Women it was announced that every student of both institutions had subscribed to the Presbyterian movement for Christian education. At committee meeting it was decided to raise \$175,000 in Boyle County toward the million-dollar goal.

Hopkinsville—Dr. E. S. Stuart, 94, died here of senility. Dr. Stuart was a native of this county and had practiced at Fairview since young manhood. In 1913 he gave about \$50,000 with which the Jennie Stuart Hospital was built here as a memorial to his wife. The residue of his estate now goes to that institution.

Harrodsburg—J. P. Frank, wholesale grocer dealer of Danville, and Howard Waggoner, clerk in the Waggoner grocery establishment near Burgin, had narrow escapes from death or serious injury, when a revolver cartridge exploded in the bowl of a pipe which young Waggoner was smoking.

Madisonville—Former County Judge W. W. Crick, charged in an indictment with exceeding by about \$50,000 the legal limit in expenditure of county road funds in 1921, was acquitted by a jury in Circuit Court here upon peremptory instructions by Judge H. L. Wood of Carter County, appointed by Governor Morrow to try the case.

Whitesburg—Enoch Polley, formerly of Letcher County, who was shot near Cornettsville, just across the line in Perry County, a few days ago, and at first thought to be fatally injured, will recover, according to a late report. Polley a few months ago shot and killed Mundy V. Caudill and was to go on trial for this killing the day following the attempt on his life. The shots which wounded him came from the darkness.

Letchfield—Culling demonstrations held in Grayson County during the summer just past have played a big part in ridding flocks in this section of the state of hens that stopped laying early in the season to loaf until spring. County Agent R. W. Seacore, says, A total of fifty flocks were culled, 735 of the 2,500 hens that were handled having been thrown out because they showed the characteristic signs of being poor layers.

Louisville—Resignation of the Consumers' League of Kentucky from the Welfare League was accepted at a meeting of the board of presidents of the latter organization in the assembly room of the main library. The decision to withdraw was brought about by refusal of directors of the Board of Trade to endorse the Consumers' League as an approved charity, officers of the league declared in a letter presented before the Welfare League body.

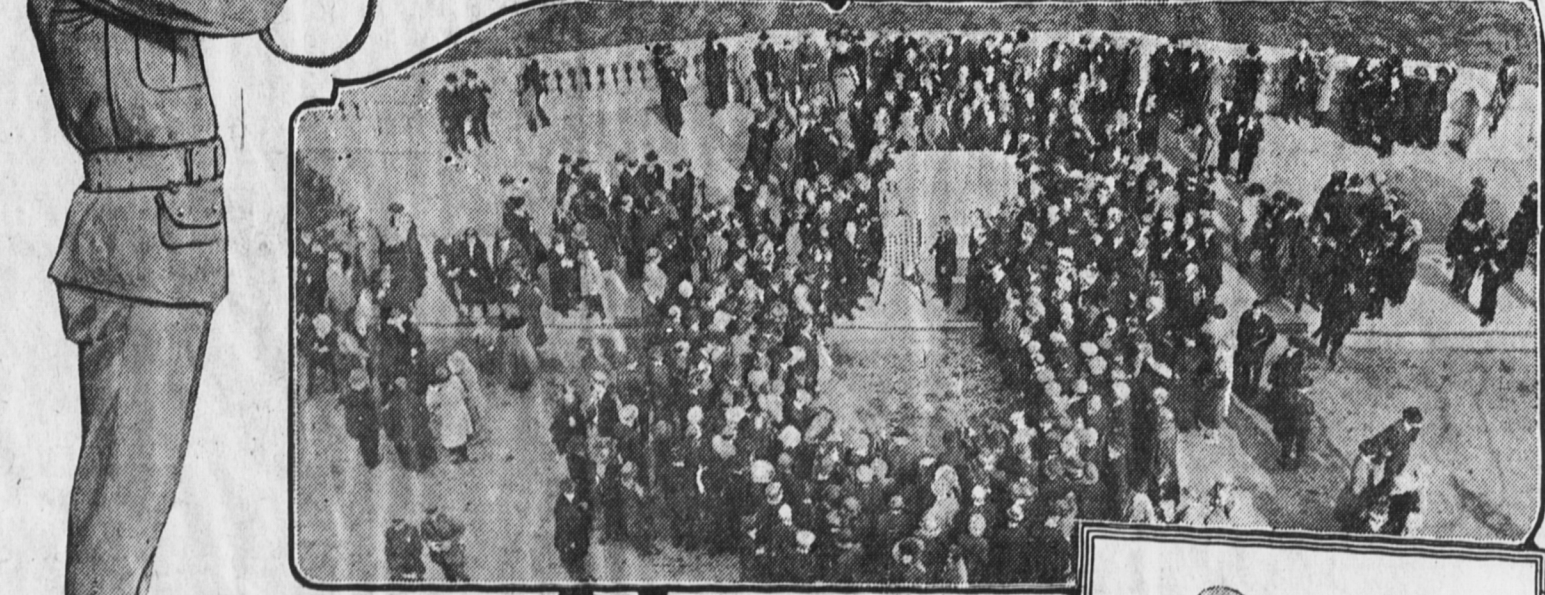
Hazard—Enoch Polley, 40, was shot recently as he walked toward his home near Cornettsville, in Perry County. The would-be assassin fired four shots in the darkness, one of which took effect in Polley's body. He is believed to be fatally wounded. Polley was to go on trial in Circuit Court here for the murder a few months ago of Mundy Caudill, a young man. It is said there was bitter enmity against him growing out of the charge of murder.

Winchester—J. W. Nelson, S. B. Nelson and C. B. Harris ran their automobile full-tilt into the Kentucky River at Boonesboro. The machine caught on the wires which guide the ferry at that point and prevented it from sinking. The Nelsons swam to safety, while Harris, who was in the rear seat, was forced to tear the top of the automobile away before he could liberate himself. The men said they could not see the river because of the fog. They were en route from East Bernstadt, their home, to Cincinnati.

Ravenna—Fifteen and one-half miles of double track will be laid, starting at North Hazard, and going to Chavies. This second track will be laid parallel to the first track to the three tunnels. Three more tunnels will be made thru the mountains, and will be about fifty feet apart, so that they will not interfere with or weaken the other tunnels. Work on concrete culverts will start October 15 and steam shovels will start about the twentieth. It will take about a year to complete the project and the estimated cost about \$1,500,000.



Spirit of Armistice Day



"THE UNKNOWN DEAD"
"Carry on, men, oh, carry on!"
The hard-pressed Briton cried.
They held the lines? This Abbey grave
Says, "Yes; they held—and died."
"They shall not pass! They shall not pass!"
The desperate Frenchman swore.
And did they pass? This Triumph Arch
Says "No!" for evermore.
"Let's go!" the eager Yankee said.
And did he? Ask the Hun.
His answer is this nation's shrine—
His grave in Arlington.
Three heroes lie, "death's shining mark."
In Theater, Abbey and Arch.
With this to be of all men read:
"IN HONOR OF THE UNKNOWN DEAD!"
J. D. S.

By JOHN DICKINSON SHERMAN
SPIRIT OF ARMISTICE DAY! What is it now? What is it to be? How will the coming generations observe the day. Is November 11 to be a day of national observance in America? Is it to be an international holiday?

It is too soon to answer these questions. The World war is yet too close to us. Though the fourth anniversary of November 11, 1918, is at hand, many war wounds are not yet healed; many war hatreds not yet assuaged. Yet the success of the Washington conference for the limitation of armaments gives hope for the internationalism that does not destroy nationalism—hope of the ages.

Do you remember the splendid words of President Harding with which he opened that momentous conference? Here are some of them—they are worth reading again and remembering: "Gentlemen of the conference, the United States welcomes you with unselfish ends to serve; we suspect no enemy; we contemplate or apprehend no conquests. Content with what we have, we seek nothing which is another's. We only wish to do with you that finer, nobler thing which no nation can do alone."

"We wish to sit with you at the table of international understanding and good will. I do not mean surrendered rights, or narrowed freedom, or denied aspirations, or ignored national necessities. Our Republic would no more ask for these than it would give. No pride need be humbled, no nationality submerged, but I would have a mergence of minds committing all of us to less preparation for war and more enjoyment of fortunate peace."

"I can speak officially only for our United States. Our hundred millions frankly want less of armament and none of war. Wholly free from guile, sure in our own minds that we harbor no unworthy designs, we accredit the world with the same good intent. So I welcome you, not alone in good will and high purpose, but with high faith."

And the sight of Hughes and Balfour standing shoulder to shoulder at the conference strengthened the hope that America and Great Britain are to stand for world peace. With the English-speaking nations standing together there can be no second world war.

Listen to Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, about to retire after twenty-eight years of service in congress, if you would know what the standing-together of the English-speaking nations means to the world:

"The war proved that 'the age of chivalry' has 'not gone,' Burke's lament notwithstanding; that the average man is not ignorant of the truth of Robert E. Lee's injunction to his son: 'Duty is the noblest word in the English language.' These things we found to be true of men from all over the world, but especially true of the men of the English-speaking race. In they came, trooping, these 'sons of English mold' from Canada, from South Africa, from far-off Australia and New Zealand, from England, from Scotland—lowland and highland in battle array—from the stern mountains and sweet valleys of 'never conquered

Wales, from the States of this glorious American Republic, from all the islands of the sea, 'from wherever live the sons of the glorious race that speaks the language Shakespeare spoke and thinks the thoughts that Milton thought, and dreams the dreams that Tennyson dreamt—of this race which stands and has so long stood in the foremost files of time—in they came trooping to the rescue of ravished Belgium, of torn Serbia, of bleeding France, of expiring democracy, with 'eyes front' and God's unseen hand on their shoulders driving them forward in high emprise 'to do or to die.' They proved in the 'old land' and in the new lands that their religion was the idolatrous worship of dollars, pounds, shillings, and pence. They demonstrated, on the contrary, that they had not changed in character, courage, heroism, or endurance from those of their ancestors who demanded liberty at Runnymede, or stood with the Black Prince at Crecy and Poitiers or followed Richard 'of the lion heart' on the deserts of Syria and over the hills of Palestine, or 'summoned up their courage' with heroic Prince Hal at Harfleur and Agincourt, or from those who fought and won religious liberty, with Drake and Howard as their ships met the hosts of the Spanish Armada and with the help of God's winds sank it in the North Sea, while their glorious queen, 'Great Elizabeth,' 'hurled proud scorn at Philip and at Spain'; or from those who, under Havelock, 'bearing the white man's burden,' under the heat and glare of an East Indian sun, entered Lucknow to the martial strains of 'The Campbells are coming' and saved its wounded men and famishing women and children; from those who climbed with Wolfe the Heights of Abraham and by his victory at Quebec completed the dedication of this continent to the English language, English literature, and English law, making it today the most priceless jewel in the crown of the race's possession. These boys of ours proved themselves worthily descended from those who wrested our coasts and yet more untold valleys from savage men and yet more savage nature, and made of this continent the broadest domestic hearth on this earth, around which the sons and daughters of the race can now gather; worthily sprung from those who later at Lexington 'fired the shot which was heard around the world,' or with Washington steered and died and endured and prevailed at Valley Forge, or, finally with him at Yorktown carried to final victory the cause of American and English civil and political liberty, inherited from their ancestors across the sea and reasserted by them here, not only for themselves, but as is now clearly seen, for Englishmen in England itself and in every English colony; worthy of their fathers who won with Sherman and Grant or lost with Jackson and Lee, 'greatly falling with a falling state,' and leaving fadeful names and unconquered renown for themselves and their cause. Our boys, the descendants of all these—your boys and mine—proved the metal of their pastures' at Chateau-Thierry, on the Somme, at St. Mihiel, and in the Argonne, and proved that they had in them the blood of all of these, their glorious sires, and like them 'knew no count of self when duty or country or liberty or justice or civilization called.'"

What is now the spirit of Armistice day in America? This, at least, can be answered in part. Its 'outward and visible sign' is honor to the 'Unknown Dead.'

This is of course a symbol for many things. Read into it the things you and yours did for your country and you have at least a part of its meaning—if you and yours did your best.

The spirit of the day is in no small part a glorification of the 'fighting Yank.' But no intelligent lover of peace need shrink from this. To be ready to fight for his country is the crowning touch of that service and sacrifice which is the foundation of society and the salvation of na-

tions. And if a man must fight for his country it is well that he fight best of all.

The tomb of the 'Unknown Yank' at the Arlington theater attracts thousands who wish to attest their adherence to all of which it is the symbol. In one short year it has become a national shrine, possibly an international shrine. The photograph reproduced herewith shows Crawford C. McCullough of the International Rotarians placing a bronze wreath on the tomb. 'Unknown Dead' cannot be put into words. But President Harding, in his address at the burial last year, said some of the things that every good American feels:

"Mr. Secretary of War and ladies and gentlemen, we are met today to pay the impersonal tribute. The name of him whose body lies before us took flight with his imperishable soul. We know not whence he came, but only that his death marks him with the everlasting glory of an American dying for his country."

"Today's ceremonies proclaim that the hero unknown is not unknown. We gather him to the Nation's breast, within the shadow of the Capitol, the towering shaft that honors Washington, the great father, and of the exquisite monument to Lincoln, the martyred savior. Here the inspiration of yesterday and the conscience of today forever unite to make the Republic worthy of its death for flag and country."

"As we return this poor clay to its mother soil, garlanded by love and covered with the decorations that only nations can bestow, I can sense the prayers of our people, of all peoples, that this Armistice day shall mark the beginning of a new and lasting era of peace on earth, good will among men. Let me join in that prayer."

And other shrines in honor of the 'Unknown Dead' are being set up over the country. In striking contrast to the surroundings in Arlington, that national cemetery where rest the bravest of America's brave, is a shrine in the Mariposa grove of Big Trees in Yosemite National park, California, at the other edge of the continent. This 'Unknown Hero Tree,' dedicated by the American Legion, was old and great and stately before the Declaration of Independence was signed, before Columbus discovered America, before Christ was born. It, with its companion trees, is the oldest and biggest living thing on earth. In the ordinary course of nature its span of life is another two thousand years. A fitting shrine! The photograph reproduced shows Baron Rothschild of Brussels and Paris placing a wreath of laurel and incense cedar.

This is as it should be. The memories that are cherished by the good Americans of today should be perpetuated in durable monuments for the generations to come.

The war cost us much, but it also brought us a renewed sense of nationality. Service under the flag of men of widely-differing race and tradition drew them together as brothers in Americanism. And it finished the work of reuniting the North and South which was begun by the Spanish-American war. Attest the ceremonies at the unveiling of the Grant memorial in Washington. A great-granddaughter of the Union leader unveiled the splendid statue. West Point cadets and Annapolis midshipmen were much in evidence, side by side stood the commanders of the G. A. R. and the Confederate Veterans. And General Carr, in the gray of the Lost Cause, caught up the flag of the reunited North and South and waved it and cried so all could hear, 'He gave us this!'

But be assured that every red-blooded American man and woman has one common thought on Armistice Day. And it's the same thought that all real men and women have, though they come from the ends of the earth, when they stand before that tomb of the 'Unknown Dead' in Arlington. It's this—and it should be carved on that tomb:

"You can kill them, but you can't stop them!"

Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale

By MARY GRAHAM BONNER

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ZOO BIRDS

"Some of the birds in the zoo," said Daddy, "decided that they would each tell something of themselves, so they would all be better acquainted."

"And so, one day, they called a meeting and each of the different birds called upon leaned forward on his perch and told something about himself."

"One of the Parrots called the meeting to order and in turn each bird told his story."

"I," said the Mexican Rice Grackle, 'come from the southern portions of Mexico. I have the habits of a cow bird and am fond of letting others do my work for me.'

"I am black and blue in color. Now I do not mean for a minute that I look as though I had fallen down and bruised myself."

"No, not for a minute do I mean that. Nor do I mean it for several moments or even hours or days or weeks or months or years."

"I do not mean it. That is all for that."

"I have handsome black feathers and blue feathers which are so mixed together that it makes me look very fine, very fine indeed."

"It is our custom, just as it is with the Cow Birds, to lay our eggs in others' nests."

"We do so as a rule in the nests of the large Caciques."

"Yes, they do," said a large Cacique. A Cacique is a large bird, in case you don't know," Daddy smiled. "I didn't know until I saw one in the zoo."

"Well the next speaker was a Giant Cacique, known as the Montezuma Giant Cacique."

"I travel," he said, 'from the south-eastern parts of Mexico to Panama. Of course at present I am not taking any journeys.'

"No, I am not taking any journeys," he repeated.

"I can be recognized or known because I look like a very big and very enormous oriole."

"We live in colonies. We build handsome hanging nests. Often they are four feet in length, and that is a good length."

"We colonies of birds live in very high trees. Our heads are reddish pink and we have some lovely brown and yellow feathers, you will notice. We two birds you see here are about the only ones of our kind in a zoo or bird house."

"And that is all the time I am given for my story, I believe. Not having a watch, I cannot look at it and see as I've been told lecturers do."

"I couldn't tell the time if I had a watch, though I can tell the time by the sun, and my clock!"

"It is my turn now," said the Double Banded Giant Cacique. 'I come from the northeastern part of Brazil. I am a very, very rare bird.'

"And I want to remain like that, mysterious and interesting. I do not tell of my ways in the wild and as I



"A Bower of Twigs."

am so seldom seen people do not know of my ways nor of the family ways."

"For when I speak of myself I mean my family too. But you know of my home and you know my name and you know that I am here."

"I am, the Bower Bird from the eastern part of Australia," began another bird.

"You will notice how dark and blue my eyes are. I have a greenish yellow beak. You will notice that I am fond of pretty colors."

"I wear an inky blue sort of suit in color. I think it's a lovely shade. One would almost feel that by touching me one would get ink over one. But not at all. It is just my color and a lovely color it really is."

"I am named the Bower Bird because of a habit we have in our family of building a bower of twigs arranged in two upstanding opposite lines, and the tops lean toward each other."

"It is very bower-like and lovely. Here in the zoo I only use my bower as a playground; my nest, you will see, is built in the tree."

"But my bower is lovely," the Bower Bird ended, and all the others agreed."

Head of the Class.

"Stan," explained the teacher, "means the place of! Afghanistan is the place of the Afghans—where they are located, you see. Hindustan is the place of the Hindus. Can anyone give me another example? How about you, James?"

"Umbrellastan," suggested James promptly, "the place for umbrellas."

LICKING VALLEY COURIER

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Entered as second class at April 7, 1916, at the post-office at West Liberty, Ky., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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Foreign Advertising Representative.—The American Press Association.

PROFITEERING.

An exhaustive probe by the United States Government has developed that for many years a systematic plan of profiteering has been carried on by the importers and retailers. In some cases the profits amount to 2300 per cent. The small retailers who buy from jobbers do not get in on this profiteering, as the middleman gets it before it gets to the small merchant, but the public ultimately pays it.

The mail order houses are the chief profiteers because they buy in large quantities and import direct. One article, as an example, is woman's 16 inch 24 button kid gloves; they cost \$1.20 after paying duty and cost of transportation. They retail at \$6.50. And this is only a sample of the profiteering. The smaller retail merchants should obtain this document from the Government and try to find out why the prices are so high. It seems that the elimination of the excessive middleman's could be reached by co-operative buying by the small retailers. It would require an organization, but since the government has shown that most of the articles of merchandise should be sold for less than half of the prevailing prices it is up to the small retailer to protect the interests of himself and associates by learning who is responsible for the gross profiteering.

THE ROAD CAMPAIGN.

Now that the Congressional election is over the citizens who are anxious for the success of the road bond election should turn their attention to putting ginger in the road election. The success of the bond election means the early acquisition of good roads. Every one knows, in a general way, the benefit of good roads, but the big idea is put the direct and immediate benefits of the proposed roads to the people of Morgan county, and the importance of voting the bonds.

It is encouraging to note that the biggest taxpayers of the county are in favor of the bonds and are working to secure a majority of votes for them.

There is no doubt of the bonds being voted by a good, big majority.

OUR TOWN'S STREETS.

The Board of Trustees have decided to surface our main street from the bridge to as far as the funds will surface it. If there is money left after Main street is surfaced the next most important street can be surfaced. It would do us little good to have the Index road surfaced to the bridge and have deep mud from there to the business section of the town.

When the roads through the county are finally surfaced with whatever hard surfacing is decided upon, all towns of less than 2,500 will have the street over which the highway passes paved by the State. Then it will be up to the town to pave the remainder of the streets in manner in keeping with the street paved by the State, but just now our concern is to prepare Main street.

The man who gets the fewest letters complains the most about the management of the postoffice; the man who finds the most fault with the preacher pays the least toward his salary; the man who has the most trouble with his neighbors is the meanest neighbor; the man who has the least sense is the most conceited; the man without children has the best theory for bringing them up; the bachelor knows best how to manage a wife, and the man who borrows his neighbor's newspaper is the worst critic the paper has.

Don't give your children cause to blame you for denying them their rightful opportunities. Vote for the road bonds.

We read the other day about a poor devil who was given an indeterminate sentence of ten years for forging a check for twenty dollars. And yet we have the fellow who wrecks the life of an innocent girl and about the limit of what he gets is the ecomiums of the neighborhood gossips.

If you are a fighter for principles you honestly believe to be right and just you will win in the end though at times it would seem the entire universe is up in arms against you.

"What did they operate on Brown for?"
"Two hundred dollars."
"No! I mean what did he have?"
"Two hundred dollars."

A man's best helper is his wife. If she is for you the world is yours; if she is against you, the Lord help you. You'll need it.

To vote for the road bonds is to vote for better living conditions in Morgan county; for better markets for your farm products; better schools and better home life. Good roads will do more to bring prosperity than any other thing. Vote for the road bonds.

We have a report that a farm mule drank a gallon of home distilled hooch, then kicked itself to death; thus shaming mortal man by its wisdom.

The road bond election is December 2. Vote for the road bonds and prosperity.

About the only time a woman cares much for a man is when he is trying to get away.

WHAT IT MEANS TO BE "RUN-DOWN"

A "RUN-DOWN" feeling is a danger signal. If you neglect it, you are leaving the door wide open to dangerous diseases. Build yourself up to health and strength with Gude's Pepto-Mangan. It will purify and enrich your blood, tone up your nervous system, and help you eat well, sleep well and feel well. Gude's Pepto-Mangan is a time-tested tonic, recommended by physicians for over 30 years. At your druggist—liquid or tablets, as you prefer.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan Tonic and Blood Enricher

VOTE FOR THE ROAD BONDS

MAYTOWN & GREASY.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Jones, of Omer, visited their daughters, Mesdames J. M. Rowland, M. W. Pieratt and Manford Elam last week.

Clyde Carpenter, of L. Leland, Ohio, visited his sister, Mrs. T. G. Henry, this week.

Mrs. James Ingram is visiting relatives at Jeffersonville.

Miss Edna Yocum, of Comarco, spent a few days last week with her cousin, Miss Ruth Henry.

Oris Picklesmith left last week for Middletown, Ohio, to work.

Mrs. Taylor Hattin, who has been very ill, is slowly improving.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Easterling and little daughter, Sylvia, spent Sunday with the former's father at Goad ridge. JUNE.

VOTE FOR THE ROAD BONDS

PUBLIC SALE OF LAND, STOCK AND CROP

Will be sold to the highest bidder on

SATURDAY, NOV. 18, 1922,

at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Two miles from Owingsville on the Owingsville and Sharpsburg pike, my farm of 51 acres will be sold in two tracts or as a whole.

Tract No. 1 contains 50 acres with improvements. This tract has in it a good house of six rooms, good out-buildings, meat house, hen house, garage, stock barn, tobacco barn, everlasting water, good well at door, m st all fencing good; plenty of good tobacco land and plenty of fruit.

Tract No. 2 contains 31 acres, unimproved. This tract has on it some fruit, and all the fencing is good, a good spring of everlasting water. More than half this land will grow good tobacco.

Also at the same time and place I will sell stock, crop and farming implements, etc.

Terms made known on day of sale.

J. A. POWER.

R. 1. Owingsville, Ky.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Morgan Quarterly Court.

Clay Gannell Co., Consolidated, Plaintiff.

vs. Notice of Sale.

Wiley Gullett, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that I will, pursuant to a judgment and order of sale in the above styled action, made and entered at the September, 1922, term of said Court, expose to sale at public outcry, to the highest and best bidder, upon a credit of three months a stock of general merchandise, now in my possession and located in the store building of the defendant, Wiley Gullett, at Holliday, Morgan county, Kentucky, or so much thereof as is necessary to realize the sum of Three hundred and twenty (\$320) dollars.

I will make said sale at the front door of said store house at 1 o'clock, P. M. on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1922.

The purchaser will be required to immediately execute bond with good personal security for the amount of the purchase price, and a bearing interest at 6 per cent from date of sale.

W. H. STACY,

Special Commissioner Morgan Q. C.

VOTE FOR THE ROAD BONDS

MORGAN COUNTY COURT.

Regular Term, Sept. 25, 1922.

A petition signed by more than 150 legal voters, citizens and freeholders of Morgan county having been filed with the Judge of this Court on the 25th day of September, 1922, which petition asked that the County Court of Morgan county order an election to be held under the provisions of 1577a of the Constitution of Kentucky and 4307 of the Kentucky Statutes, in Morgan county, Kentucky, on the question: "Are you in favor of the Fiscal Court of Morgan County, Kentucky, issuing \$220,000.00 of road and bridge bonds; the proceeds of \$100,000.00 of said bonds to be appropriated to the State Highway Commission to aid in the construction of a State road, which road money is to be spent in Morgan county, on projects No. 28 and No. 32, and run from Magoffin county line via West Liberty to the Monroe county line; the proceeds of \$50,000.00 to be appropriated to the State Highway Commission to be used in Morgan county, on projects No. 28 and No. 29 on roads leading from Elliott county line

to Wolfe county line, via West Liberty; and \$70,000.00 in bonds, or the proceeds of same, to be used by the Morgan Fiscal Court for the purpose of purchasing, erecting and constructing bridges in Morgan county, not on either of the projects above named?"

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED that the sheriff of Morgan county be, and he is hereby directed and ordered to advertise said election and the objects thereof for at least 30 days next before the date thereof in the Licking Valley Courier, a newspaper having the largest circulation in Morgan county, and, also, by printed handbills posted up in not less than four public places in each voting precinct in the county, and one at the court house door in West Liberty; and on Saturday, December 2nd, 1922, the Sheriff of said county will open the polls at the regular polling places in each voting precinct in said county for the purpose of holding said election, which shall be held in all particulars as regular elections are held, and shall be conducted in each of the precincts by the regular election officers of said precincts who shall have served in the regular November, 1922, election. The voting shall be by secret ballot; the ballots to be prepared and furnished by the county Court Clerk as provided for in 1459 Kentucky Statutes, and the question: "Are you in favor of issuing \$220,000.00 in bonds for the purposes of building roads and bridges in Morgan county, Kentucky?" shall be printed on said ballots and the ballots shall be prepared so as to permit those in favor of such bond issue to vote "Yes," and those opposed to said bond issue to vote "No." The cost of conducting said election shall be borne by the county.

J. V. HENRY, Judge Morgan County Court. A copy—attest: E. M. WILLIAMS, Clerk Morgan County Court.

NOTICE OF ROAD BOND ELECTION The legal voters of Morgan county are hereby notified that under and by the authority vested in me by law and in conformity to the above order a poll will be opened and an election held at each of the various voting places in Morgan county, Kentucky, on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1922, between the hours of 6:00 A. M. and 4:00 P. M. for the purpose of taking the sense of the legal voters of said county as to whether or not they favor the issue of \$220,000.00 in bonds of said county for the purpose of building roads and bridges, said election shall be held in all particulars as regular elections are held and shall be conducted in each of the various precincts by the election officers of the regular November, 1922, election, and they will certify the result of said election in their various precincts to the County Election Commissioners of Morgan county, and will transfer the ballot boxes with their said certificates to the Clerk of the Morgan County Court at his office within three days after the day of the election, and the County Commissioners will canvass the returns and certify the results thereof to the County Court as required by law.

Given under my hand as Sheriff of Morgan county this October 25, 1922.

D. H. PERRY, Sheriff Morgan County.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Morgan Circuit Court.

John Dulin, Plaintiff.

vs. Notice of Sale.

J. I. Patrick and Dow Montgomery, Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Morgan Circuit Court, rendered at the August term, 1922, in the above styled cause, I will offer for sale at the front door of the court house in West Liberty, Kentucky, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1922, at 1 o'clock, P. M., or thereabouts, upon a credit of six months, the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land in Morgan county, Kentucky, on top of Piddlar Hill at the head of Elk Fork creek, and head of Smith's creek, and bounded as follows:

Beginning on the high knob down with Pieratt Smith's line to a chestnut oak; thence down the hill to the bottom to a hetch; thence a south course a straight line to eleven black gums; thence a west course to a chestnut oak; thence a straight line to a chestnut and chestnut oak; thence running to a fence up the point to the beginning, containing thirty-five (35) acres, more or less.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond, bearing 6 per cent interest, with approved security, for the purchase money.

This 16th day of October, 1922.

R. M. OAKLEY,

Master Commissioner M. C. C.

John W. Coffey, Atty.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Morgan Circuit Court.

Mollie Pavens, Admx.

vs. Notice of Sale.

Defts.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Morgan Circuit Court, rendered at the August term, 1922, in the above styled cause, I will offer for sale at the front door of the court house in West Liberty, Ky., on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1922, at 1 o'clock, P. M., or thereabouts, upon a credit of six months, the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land in Morgan county, Ky., and bounded as follows:

Beginning at a set stone at the mouth of a small drain opposite F. Combs' house, the former residence of William Hamilton; thence a southerly course with F. Combs' line to the top of the hill to two small black oaks; thence about a west course a straight line to a sugar tree and black gum; thence a southerly course down the point to two black oaks; thence south east to a chestnut tree at the top of the ridge; thence an east course a straight line to the beginning, containing twenty (20) acres, more or less, and being the same land conveyed to said defendants by Emily Viers dated the 28th day of November, 1919, and recorded in Deed Book No. 21, page 242, Morgan County Court Clerk's file.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond, bearing 6 per cent interest, with approved security, for the purchase money.

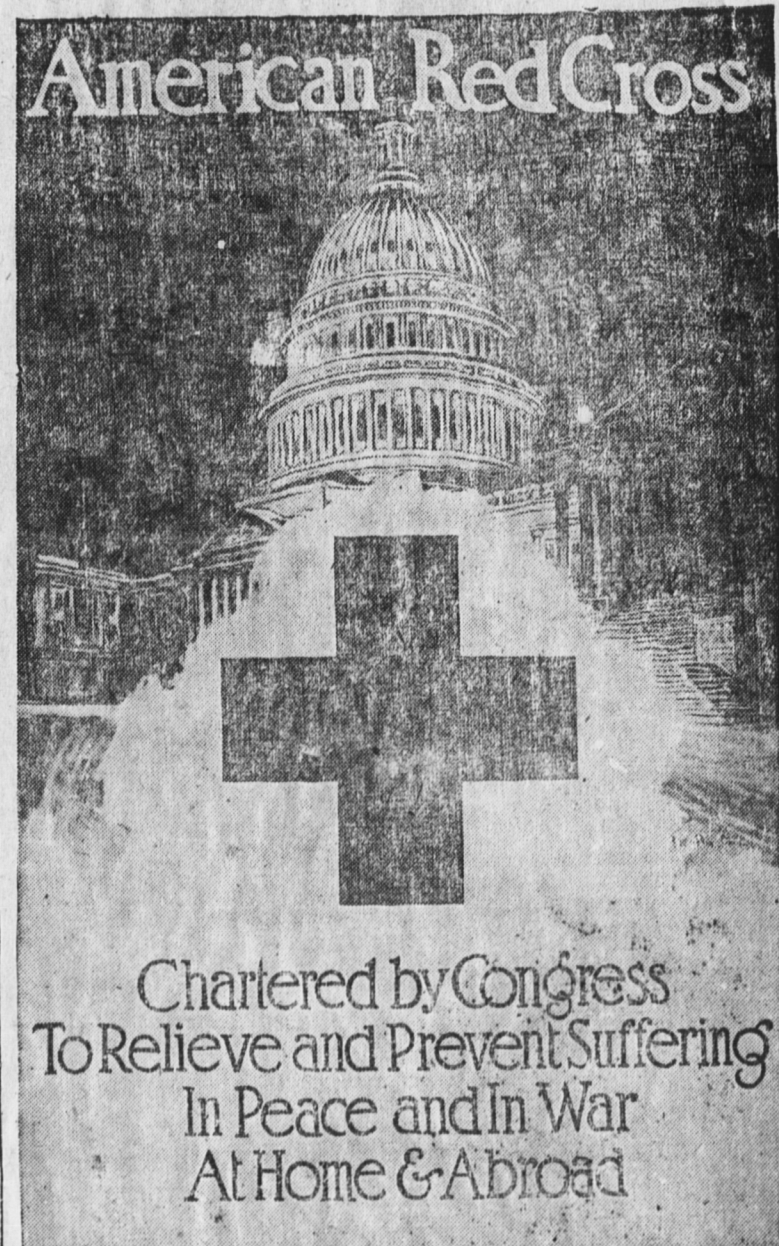
This 16th day of October, 1922.

R. M. OAKLEY,

Master Commissioner M. C. C.

S. Monroe Nickell, Atty.

Striking New Red Cross Poster



Riveting the attention of the beholder on the fact that the American Red Cross is chartered by Congress as an official volunteer relief organization the dome of the Capitol at Washington, upon which is superimposed a large Red Cross, is the central figure of a new poster for the Annual Red Cross Roll Call. The poster, which has been pronounced one of the most striking of innumerable representations of the famous dome, is the work of Franklin Booth, a New York artist of wide renown. It will be displayed throughout the country during the Roll Call period, Armistice Day to Thanksgiving, when the Red Cross membership for 1923 will be enrolled.

Vote for the road bonds.

WINTER'S COMING

YOU WANT TO GET READY FOR IT!

We have the famous Hamilton-Brown Shoes in all Styles and widths. The Biggest Stock of Shoes in the county. Best Quality and Lowest Prices.

BLANKETS—See the big, warm blankets we are offering. Big Bargains in these.

Heavy Dress Goods and full line of Winter Underwear. Everything for Winter at lowest prices.

We have every thing you need for winter in every line of General Merchandise. Come in and see. "We Treat You Right."

EDGAR CACHRAN & CO.

THE QUALITY STORE

YE OLD TYME HOSIERY and SWEATERS.

WINTER FURNISHING FOR LADIES and GENTS

THE "QUALITY STORE" IS MAINTAINING ITS REPUTATION FOR KEEPING THE VERY LATEST

AND BEST IN LADIES AND GENTS FURNISHINGS.

"EVERYTHING TO WEAR AND ALL THE BEST,"

IS THE POLICY OF THIS STORE. COME IN AND LET US CONVINCE YOU.

PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

Sincerely,
D. R. KEETON.

THE SERVICE STORE

Is offering Big Bargains in the following:

SADDLES and HARNESS,

COOKING STOVES,

DRY GOODS.

Watch for our holiday ads and see our holiday display.

Respectfully,

J. H. SEBASTIAN.

Sebastian Building,
Main Street,

Look to Your Eyes
Beautiful Eyes, like fine
Teeth, are the result of Constant
Care. The daily use of Murine
makes Eyes Clear and Radiant.
Enjoyable. Harmless. Sold and
Recommended by All Druggists.

MURINE.
for Your EYES



I find that he never needed re-
ling.

Cora's Coryza.

She—Marry you! Why, your
wouldn't keep me in handkerchiefs.

He—Oh, very well; I'll wait till
cold is better.

For more than
one hundred and
forty years the
chocolate has
been the standard
for purity, de-
cacy of flavor and
uniform quality.

MADE ONLY BY

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.

Established 1710

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Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free

Clarence! Clarence!
"Pa, you would not want
work in a machine shop, would
asked Clarence.
"Why not, son?" asked his da
"Why, they are full of vices,"
ered Clarence as he headed i
door.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Oh, Doctor!
Black—What's become of you
ty stenographer?
Brown—She was subject
many bad spells I had to a
chance of employment.

Postum comes in two forms: Instant Postum (fine) prepared instantly in the cup by the addition of boiling water. Postum Cereal (in packages), for those who prefer to make the drink while the meal is being prepared; made by boiling fully 20 minutes.

The two forms are equally delicious; and the cost is only about 1/4¢ per cup.

Made by Postum Cereals

Wouldn't it be well for you to avoid the harm which so many have found in coffee and tea, and protect health while pleasing taste, with wholesome, satisfying Postum?

Order from your grocer today!

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Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

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to avoid the harm which
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FOR HEALTH

"There's a Reason"

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